

Assessment Quiz

Question # 3 of 3

Select into clause selects the columns into _____.

Select the correct option

- | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| ☐ | Views |
| ☒ | Variables |
| ☐ | Arrays |
| ☐ | Objects |

Question # 1 of 3

_____ is used to concatenate strings while printing in PL/SQL.

Select the correct option

☐	+
☐	concat
☒	
☐	+=



Question # 2 of 3

_____ is the correct syntax to print in PL/SQL.

Select the correct option

☐	<code>dbms_output.write_line()</code>
☐	<code>dbms_output.print_line()</code>
☐	<code>dbms_output.drop_line()</code>
☒	<code>dbms_output.put_line()</code>

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Question # 3 of 3

_____ is the correct way to print some string as it is in PL/SQL.

Select the correct option

☒	'Some string'
☐	"Some string"
☐	@Some string@
☐	*Some string*

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Question # 1 of 3

_____ is used to automatically map the type of column to variable in PL/SQL

Select the correct option

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| ☐ | %maptype |
| ☐ | %auto |
| ☐ | %map |
| ☒ | %type |

Question #2 of 3

If we have column as contactno and variable name is contact, which of the following is correct syntax for select into statement.

Select the correct option

- | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ☐ | select into contactno,contact |
| ☐ | select contact into contactno |
| ☒ | select contactno into contact |
| ☐ | select contactno,contact into |

Click to Save Answer

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Question # 3 of 3

_____ is correct syntax to declare a variable in PL/SQL

Select the correct option

☐	Name emp.ename@type;
☒	Name emp.ename%type;
☐	Name emp.ename.type;
☐	Name emp.ename.type;

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Question # 1 of 3

If column name is incorrect in where clause, _____ exception will be raised.

Select the correct option

☐	Invalid string
☐	Invalid character
☐	Invalid prefix
☒	Invalid Identifier

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Question # 2 of 3

If select into returns more than rows -----

Select the correct option

- | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| ☐ | Last row will be displayed |
| ☐ | Data will be shown in tabular form |
| ☒ | Oracle will raise the exception |
| ☐ | First row will be displayed |

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Question # 3 of 3

If Some table have only one row, select into statement will _____.

Select the correct option

☐	cause ORA-06550
☒	be Successful
☐	cause Invalid Identifier exception
☐	cause ORA-01422

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Question # 1 of 3

----- function is used to get the maximum value from a column named age in PL/SQL.

Select the correct option

- | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| ☐ | select maximum(age) |
| ☐ | select biggest(age) |
| ☒ | select max(age) |
| ☐ | select top(age) |

Question # 2 of 3

_____ keyword is required to be used before declaring any variable in PL/SQL

Select the correct option

☐	new
☐	announce
☒	declare
☐	state

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Question # 3 of 3

_____function is used to check the duration in months between two dates.

Select the correct option

☐	months_duration
☒	months_between
☐	between
☐	duration

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Question # 1 of 3

The UPDATE command can be used to update -----

Select the correct option

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| ☐ | Only first 10 rows |
| ☐ | 1 row only |
| ☐ | Only last 10 rows |
| ☒ | Any number of rows |

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Question # 2 of 3

Which SQL command is NOT a DML statement?

Select the correct option

☐	DELETE
☐	INSERT
☒	CREATE
☐	UPDATE

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Question # 3 of 3

Which of the following command is used to add rows into a table in PL/SQL?

Select the correct option

☐	ENTER
☒	INSERT
☐	PUT
☐	Add